

Chapter 1 – Greek Language and Textual Criticism

Practice Exercises

In the first five sentences, label the grammatical or orthographic (spelling) shift in Koine Greek represented by the underlined word(s) in each sentence.

1. καὶ βλέπουσιν ἐκ τῶν λαῶν καὶ φυλῶν καὶ γλωσσῶν καὶ ἐθνῶν τὸ πτώμα αὐτῶν ἡμέρας τρεῖς καὶ ἡμισυ καὶ τὰ πτώματα αὐτῶν οὐκ ἀφίουσιν τεθῆναι εἰς μνημα (Rev 11:9).
2. οἱ δὲ εἶπαν αὐτῷ, ἐν Βηθλέεμ τῆς Ἰουδαίας· οὕτως γὰρ γέγραπται διὰ τοῦ προφήτου (Matt 2:5).
3. ἰδοὺ καὶ τὰ πλοῖα τηλικαῦτα ὄντα καὶ ὑπὸ ἀνέμων σκληρῶν ἐλαυνόμενα, μετὰγεται ὑπὸ ἐλαχίστου πηδαλίου ὅπου ἡ ὀρμὴ τοῦ εὐθύνοντος βούλεται (Jas 3:4).
4. τοῦ δὲ Ἰησοῦ γεννηθέντος ἐν Βηθλέεμ τῆς Ἰουδαίας ἐν ἡμέραις Ἡρώδου τοῦ βασιλέως, ἰδοὺ μάγοι ἀπὸ ἀνατολῶν παρεγένοντο εἰς Ἱεροσόλυμα (Matt 2:1).
5. ὡς καὶ ἐν τῷ Ὄσην λέγει, Καλέσω τὸν οὐ λαόν μου λαόν μου καὶ τὴν οὐκ ἠγαπημένην ἠγαπημένην· (Rom 9:25).

In each of the following five examples, (1) translate the passage both as it stands in the body of the NA²⁸/UBS⁵ and with the selected textual variant in parentheses. (2) In one brief sentence, note the difference in meaning that the variant makes. (3) Record which manuscripts support the variant reading provided in parentheses. (4) Why do you think the editors of your GNT favored the reading that they did? If you have the UBS edition, what letter ranking did the editorial committee assign to their choice? If you have access to Metzger's *Textual Commentary on the Greek New Testament*, check his explanation.

6. Παῦλος ἀπόστολος Χριστοῦ Ἰησοῦ διὰ θελήματος θεοῦ τοῖς ἀγίοις τοῖς οὖσιν [ἐν Ἐφέσῳ] (variant: omit bracketed words) καὶ πιστοῖς ἐν Χριστῷ Ἰησοῦ (Eph 1:1).
7. καὶ ταῦτα γράφομεν ἡμεῖς (ὕμῖν), ἵνα ἡ χαρὰ ἡμῶν (ὕμῶν) ᾗ πεπληρωμένη (1 Jn 1:4).
8. αὐτὸς δὲ ὁ κύριος τῆς εἰρήνης δώη ὑμῖν τὴν εἰρήνην διὰ παντὸς ἐν παντὶ τρόπῳ (τόπῳ) (2 Thess 3:16).
9. δικαιοθέντες οὖν ἐκ πίστεως εἰρήνην ἔχομεν (ἔχωμεν) πρὸς τὸν θεὸν διὰ τοῦ κυρίου ἡμῶν Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ (Rom 5:1).
10. ἰδοὺ βάλλω αὐτὴν εἰς κλίνην (φυλακὴν) καὶ τοὺς μοιχεύοντας μετ' αὐτῆς εἰς θλίψιν μεγάλην, ἐὰν μὴ μετανοήσωσιν ἐκ τῶν ἔργων αὐτῆς (Rev 2:22).

Chapter 2 – Nominative, Vocative and Accusative Cases

Practice Exercises

In each of the following examples, (1) identify the case of each underlined noun and (2) determine the specific use of the noun based on its case.

1. Παῦλος ἀπόστολος Χριστοῦ Ἰησοῦ διὰ θελήματος θεοῦ καὶ Τιμόθεος ὁ ἀδελφός (2 Cor 1:1).
2. ἄνθρωπε, τίς με κατέστησεν κριτὴν ἢ μεριστὴν ἐφ' ὑμᾶς; (Luke 12:14)
3. Ἰησοῦς οὖν ἰδὼν τὴν μητέρα καὶ τὸν μαθητὴν παρεστῶτα ὃν ἠγάπα, λέγει τῇ μητρί· γύναι, ἴδε ὁ υἱός σου (John 19:26).
4. μὴ πολλοὶ διδάσκαλοι γίνεσθε, ἀδελφοί μου, εἰδότες ὅτι μεῖζον κρίμα λημψόμεθα (Jas 3:1).
5. οὐκ ἔσχηκα ἄνεσιν τῷ πνεύματί μου τῷ μὴ εὐρεῖν με Τίτον τὸν ἀδελφόν μου (2 Cor 2:13).
6. δωρεὰν ἐλάβετε, δωρεὰν δότε (Matt 10:8).
7. Συμεὼν Πέτρος δοῦλος καὶ ἀπόστολος Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ (2 Pet 1:1).
8. ἐνορκίζω ὑμᾶς τὸν κύριον ἀναγνωσθῆναι τὴν ἐπιστολὴν πᾶσιν τοῖς ἀδελφοῖς (1 Thess 5:27).
9. ὁ νικῶν ποιήσω αὐτὸν στῦλον ἐν τῷ ναῷ τοῦ θεοῦ μου (Rev 3:12).
10. καὶ ἰδοὺ ἐγὼ μεθ' ὑμῶν εἰμι πάσας τὰς ἡμέρας ἕως τῆς συντελείας τοῦ αἰῶνος (Matt 28:20)

Chapter 3 – Genitive Case

Practice Exercises

In each of the following examples, determine the specific use of the genitive case based on the categories provided in this chapter.

1. ὁ δὲ μικρότερος ἐν τῇ βασιλείᾳ τῶν οὐρανῶν μείζων αὐτοῦ ἐστίν (Matt 11:11).
2. ἐμβὰς δὲ εἰς ἓν τῶν πλοίων, ὃ ἦν Σίμωνος, ἠρώτησεν αὐτόν (Luke 5:3).
3. μνημονεύετε τῆς γυναικὸς Λώτ (Luke 17:32).
4. καὶ Σίμων ὁ ζηλωτὴς καὶ Ἰούδας Ἰακώβου (Acts 1:13).
5. τὴν τε ἐπαγγελίαν τοῦ πνεύματος τοῦ ἁγίου λαβὼν παρὰ τοῦ πατρὸς, ἐξέχεεν τοῦτο (Acts 2:33).
6. καθὼς τὸ μαρτύριον τοῦ Χριστοῦ ἐβεβαιώθη ἐν ὑμῖν (1 Cor 1:6).
7. προσδεχόμενοι τὴν μακαρίαν ἐλπίδα καὶ ἐπιφάνειαν τῆς δόξης τοῦ μεγάλου θεοῦ καὶ σωτῆρος ἡμῶν Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ (Titus 2:13).
8. οὕτως ἔσται ἡ παρουσία τοῦ υἱοῦ τοῦ ἀνθρώπου (Matt 24:27).
9. ὅτι ὁ παθὼν σαρκὶ πέπαυται ἁμαρτίας (1 Pet 4:1).
10. οὐ δικαιούται ἄνθρωπος ἐξ ἔργων νόμου ἐὰν μὴ διὰ πίστεως Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ (Gal 2:16).

Chapter 4 – Dative Case

Practice Exercises

In each of the following examples, determine the specific use of the dative case based on the categories provided in this chapter.

1. ἡ δὲ ἐλθοῦσα προσεκύνει αὐτῷ λέγουσα, Κύριε, βοήθει μοι (Matt 15:25).
2. καὶ εὐθὺς ἐπιγνοὺς ὁ Ἰησοῦς τῷ πνεύματι αὐτοῦ (Mark 2:8).
3. ὁ γὰρ ἐσθίων καὶ πίνων κρίμα ἑαυτῷ ἐσθίει καὶ πίνει (1 Cor 11:29).
4. ἐγὼ . . . ὑδατι βαπτίζω ὑμᾶς (Luke 3:16).
5. τί ποιεῖτε ὁ οὐκ ἔξεστιν τοῖς σάββασιν; (Luke 6:2).
6. ἔρχεται ὥρα ὅτε οὐκέτι ἐν παροιμίαις λαλήσω ὑμῖν, ἀλλὰ παρρησίᾳ περὶ τοῦ πατρὸς ἀπαγγελῶ ὑμῖν (John 16:25).
7. ἠκολούθει δὲ τῷ Ἰησοῦ Σίμων Πέτρος καὶ ἄλλος μαθητής. ὁ δὲ μαθητής ἐκεῖνος . . . συνεισηλθεν τῷ Ἰησοῦ εἰς τὴν αὐλήν τοῦ ἀρχιερέως (John 18:15).
8. ὥσπερ γὰρ ὑμεῖς ποτε ἠπειθήσατε τῷ θεῷ, νῦν δὲ ἠλεήθητε τῇ τούτων ἀπειθείᾳ (Rom 11:30).
9. καὶ καθὼς θέλετε ἵνα ποιῶσιν ὑμῖν οἱ ἄνθρωποι ποιεῖτε αὐτοῖς ὁμοίως (Luke 6:31).
10. καὶ ὄντας ἡμᾶς νεκροὺς τοῖς παραπτώμασιν συνέζωοποίησεν τῷ Χριστῷ, χάριτί ἐστε σεσωσμένοι (Eph 2:5).

Chapter 5 – Article and Adjectives

Practice Exercises

In each of the following examples, (1) identify the form of each underlined article or adjective and (2) determine its specific use.

1. ἐν αὐτῇ δὲ τῇ οἰκίᾳ μένετε ἐσθίοντες καὶ πίνοντες τὰ παρ' αὐτῶν· ἄξιός γάρ ὁ ἐργάτης τοῦ μισθοῦ αὐτοῦ (Luke 10:7).
2. ἐν αὐτῷ ζωὴ ἦν, καὶ ἡ ζωὴ ἦν τὸ φῶς τῶν ἀνθρώπων (John 1:4).
3. λέγει αὐτῷ Σίμων Πέτρος, Κύριε, μὴ τοὺς πόδας μου μόνον ἀλλὰ καὶ τὰς χεῖρας καὶ τὴν κεφαλὴν (John 13:9).
4. ἡ ἀγάπη μακροθυμεῖ, χρηστεύεται ἡ ἀγάπη, οὐ ζηλοῖ, [ἡ ἀγάπη] οὐ περπερεύεται, οὐ φυσιοῦται (1 Cor 13:4).
5. ἀγαπήσεις τὸν πλησίον σου ὡς σεαυτόν (Gal 5:14).
6. κατανοήσατε τὸν ἀπόστολον καὶ ἀρχιερέα τῆς ὁμολογίας ἡμῶν Ἰησοῦν (Heb 3:1).
7. πᾶσα γραφὴ θεόπνευστος καὶ ὠφέλιμος πρὸς διδασκαλίαν (2 Tim 3:16).
8. τυφλοὶ ἀναβλέπουσιν καὶ χωλοὶ περιπατοῦσιν, λεπροὶ καθαρίζονται καὶ κωφοὶ ἀκούουσιν, καὶ νεκροὶ ἐγείρονται καὶ πτωχοὶ εὐαγγελίζονται (Matt 11:5).
9. ὁ δὲ μικρότερος ἐν τῇ βασιλείᾳ τῶν οὐρανῶν μείζων αὐτοῦ ἐστίν (Matt 11:11).
10. καλόν ἐστίν σε κυλλὸν εἰσελθεῖν εἰς τὴν ζώην ἢ τὰς δύο χεῖρας ἔχοντα ἀπελθεῖν εἰς τὴν γέενναν (Mark 9:43).

Chapter 6 – Overview of Verbs

Practice Exercises

In each of the following examples, (1) parse the underlined verb, paying special attention to the mood of the verb, and (2) determine the specific use of the various moods based on the information provided in this chapter.

1. ἀμὴν γὰρ λέγω ὑμῖν· ἕως ἂν παρέλθῃ ὁ οὐρανὸς καὶ ἡ γῆ, ἰῶτα ἓν ἢ μία κεραία οὐ μὴ παρέλθῃ ἀπὸ τοῦ νόμου, ἕως ἂν πάντα γένηται (Matt 5:18).
2. λέγει αὐτῇ Ἰησοῦς, μή μου ἄπτου, οὐπω γὰρ ἀναβέβηκα πρὸς τὸν πατέρα (John 20:17).
3. μὴ δῶτε τὸ ἅγιον τοῖς κυσὶν (dogs) μηδὲ βάλητε τοὺς μαργαρίτας (pearls) ὑμῶν ἔμπροσθεν τῶν χοίρων (pigs) (Matt 7:6).
4. λέγει τοῖς μαθηταῖς· ἄγωμεν εἰς τὴν Ἰουδαίαν πάλιν (John 11:7).
5. καὶ ἰδοὺ Ἰησοῦς ὑπήντησεν (ὑπαντάω, met) αὐταῖς λέγων, χαίρετε (Matt 28:9).
6. ἐάν τις ἴδῃ τὸν ἀδελφὸν αὐτοῦ ἀμαρτάνοντα ἀμαρτίαν μὴ πρὸς θάνατον, αἰτήσῃ καὶ δώσει αὐτῷ ζωὴν (1 John 5:16).
7. εἶπέν τις τῶν μαθητῶν αὐτοῦ πρὸς αὐτόν· κύριε, δίδαξον ἡμᾶς προσεύχεσθαι (Luke 11:1).
8. αὐτὸς δὲ ὁ θεὸς τῆς εἰρήνης . . . ὑμῶν τὸ πνεῦμα καὶ ἡ ψυχὴ καὶ τὸ σῶμα ἀμέμπτως ἐν τῇ παρουσίᾳ τοῦ κυρίου ἡμῶν Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ τηρηθεῖν (1 Thess 5:23).
9. ἔστω δὲ ὁ λόγος ὑμῶν ναὶ ναί, οὐ οὐ (Matt 5:37).
10. αἰτεῖτε καὶ δοθήσεται ὑμῖν, ζητεῖτε καὶ εὕρησετε, κρούετε καὶ ἀνοιγήσεται ὑμῖν (Matt 7:7).

Chapter 7 – Tense and Verbal Aspect

Practice Exercises

Identify the aspect and tense-form of all the verb forms in the following examples and comment on the interpretive significance of these forms (e.g., imperfective aspect views the action in a given example as progressive and ongoing).

1. καὶ ἔρχεται εἰς οἶκον· καὶ συνέρχεται πάλιν [ὁ] ὄχλος. (Mark 3:20)
2. καὶ ἤκουσαν οἱ δύο μαθηταὶ αὐτοῦ λαλοῦντος καὶ ἠκολούθησαν τῷ Ἰησοῦ. (John 1:37)
3. ὁ ἑώρακεν καὶ ἤκουσεν τοῦτο μαρτυρεῖ, καὶ τὴν μαρτυρίαν αὐτοῦ οὐδεὶς λαμβάνει. (John 3:32)
4. καὶ ἤψατο τῆς χειρὸς αὐτῆς, καὶ ἀφῆκεν αὐτὴν ὁ πυρετός, καὶ ἠγέρθη καὶ διηκόνει αὐτῷ. (Matt 8:15)
5. ἔξεπορεύετο πρὸς αὐτὸν Ἱεροσόλυμα καὶ πᾶσα ἡ Ἰουδαία . . . καὶ ἐβαπτίζοντο ἐν τῷ Ἰορδάνη ποταμῷ ὑπ' αὐτοῦ ἐξομολογούμενοι τὰς ἁμαρτίας αὐτῶν. (Matt 3:5)

In each of the following examples, (1) identify the aspect and tense-form of the underlined verb, (2) identify the verbs as telic or atelic (if possible), and (3) determine whether the tense-form given is the default form or not.

1. παράλαβε (aor act impv) τὸ παιδίον καὶ τὴν μητέρα αὐτοῦ καὶ φεῦγε (pres act impv) εἰς Αἴγυπτον. (Matt 2:13)
2. ἴδε (aor mid impv) τὰς χειρὰς μου καὶ φέρε (pres mid impv) τὴν χειρὰ σου καὶ βάλε (aor mid impv) εἰς τὴν πλευράν μου. (John 20:27)
3. ἐκραύγασαν οὖν ἐκεῖνοι· ἄρον (aor act impv) ἄρον (aor act impv), σταύρωσον (aor act impv) αὐτόν. (John 19:15)
4. ἐνδύσασθε (aor mid impv) οὖν . . . σπλάγχνα οἰκτιρμοῦ χρηστότητα ταπεινοφροσύνην . . . ἀνεχόμενοι (pres mid ptc) ἀλλήλων καὶ χαριζόμενοι (pres mid ptc) ἑαυτοῖς (Col 3:12–13).
5. ἐτοίμαζέ (pres act impv) μοι ξενίαν. (Phlm 22)

Chapter 8 – Present, Imperfect and Future Indicatives

Practice Exercises

In each of the following examples, (1) parse each underlined verb and (2) determine the specific use of the verb based on its tense-form and context.

1. ὁ δὲ Ἰησοῦς ἐσιώπα (Matt 26:63).
2. καὶ εὐθὺς τὸ πνεῦμα αὐτὸν ἐκβάλλει εἰς τὴν ἔρημον (Mark 1:12).
3. καὶ προελθὼν μικρὸν ἔπιπτεν ἐπὶ τῆς γῆς καὶ προσηύχετο (Mark 14:35).
4. οὐκ ἀφήσω ὑμᾶς ὀρφανούς, ἔρχομαι πρὸς ὑμᾶς (John 14:18).
5. πῶς κρινεῖ ὁ θεὸς τὸν κόσμον; (Rom 3:6).
6. παραγίνεται ὁ Ἰησοῦς . . . πρὸς τὸν Ἰωάννην τοῦ βαπτισθῆναι ὑπ' αὐτοῦ. ὁ δὲ Ἰωάννης διεκώλυεν αὐτὸν (Matt 3:13–14).
7. ὁ γὰρ θεὸς ἀπείραστός ἐστίν κακῶν, πειράζει δὲ αὐτὸς οὐδένα (Jas 1:13).
8. ἔσεσθε οὖν ὑμεῖς τέλειοι ὡς ὁ πατὴρ ὑμῶν ὁ οὐράνιος τέλειός ἐστιν (Matt 5:48).
9. καὶ τοιαύταις παραβολαῖς πολλαῖς ἐλάλει αὐτοῖς τὸν λόγον (Mark 4:33).
10. σπλαγχνίζομαι ἐπὶ τὸν ὄχλον, ὅτι ἤδη ἡμέραι τρεῖς προσμένουσίν μοι καὶ οὐκ ἔχουσιν τί φάγωσιν (Mark 8:2).

Chapter 9 – Aorist, Perfect and Pluperfect Indicatives

Practice Exercises

In each of the following examples, (1) parse each underlined verb and (2) determine the specific use of the verb based on its tense-form and context.

1. ἐὰν μή τις μένη ἐν ἐμοί, ἐβλήθη ἔξω . . . ἐν τούτῳ ἐδοξάσθη ὁ πατήρ μου (John 15:6, 8).
2. Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ . . . ὃν ὁ θεὸς ἠγειρεν ἐκ νεκρῶν, ἐν τούτῳ οὗτος παρέστηκεν ἐνώπιον ὑμῶν ὑγιῆς (Acts 4:10).
3. Τύχικος . . . ὃν ἔπεμψα πρὸς ὑμᾶς (Col 4:7–8).
4. θεὸν οὐδεὶς πώποτε τεθέαται (1 John 4:12).
5. καὶ ἔζησαν καὶ ἐβασίλευσαν μετὰ τοῦ Χριστοῦ χίλια ἔτη (Rev 20:4).
6. πολλοὶ ψευδοπροφήται ἐξεληλύθασιν εἰς τὸν κόσμον (1 John 4:1).
7. Ἐπι αὐτοῦ λαλοῦντος τοῖς ὄχλοις ἰδοὺ ἡ μήτηρ καὶ οἱ ἀδελφοὶ αὐτοῦ εἰστήκεισαν ἔξω (Matt 12:46).
8. γυνὴ δέδεται ἐφ' ὅσον χρόνον ζῆ ὁ ἀνὴρ αὐτῆς (1 Cor 7:39).
9. Μαρία ἡ καλουμένη Μαγδαληνὴ, ἀφ' ἧς δαιμόνια ἑπτὰ ἐξεληλύθει (Luke 8:2).
10. ὁ λόγος σὰρξ ἐγένετο καὶ ἐσκήνωσεν ἐν ἡμῖν (John 1:14).

Chapter 10 – Participles

Practice Exercises

In each of the following examples, (1) parse each underlined participle and (2) determine its specific use based on the information provided in this chapter.

1. καὶ θέλων αὐτὸν ἀποκτεῖναι ἐφοβήθη τὸν ὄχλον, ὅτι ὡς προφήτην αὐτὸν εἶχον (Matt 14:5).
2. ἀκούσας δὲ ὁ νεανίσκος τὸν λόγον ἀπήλθεν λυπούμενος. ἦν γὰρ ἔχων κτήματα πολλὰ (Matt 19:22).
3. καὶ ἐλθόντος αὐτοῦ εἰς τὸ ἱερὸν προσήλθον αὐτῷ διδάσκοντι οἱ ἀρχιερεῖς καὶ οἱ πρεσβύτεροι τοῦ λαοῦ (Matt 21:23).
4. ἀποκριθεὶς δὲ Σίμων Πέτρος εἶπεν· σὺ εἶ ὁ χριστὸς ὁ υἱὸς τοῦ θεοῦ τοῦ ζῶντος (Matt 16:16).
5. οἱ δὲ λοιποὶ ἔλεγον, Ἄφες ἴδωμεν εἰ ἔρχεται Ἡλίας σώσων αὐτόν (Matt 27:49).
6. πορευθέντες οὖν μαθητεύσατε πάντα τὰ ἔθνη, βαπτίζοντες αὐτοὺς εἰς τὸ ὄνομα τοῦ πατρὸς καὶ τοῦ υἱοῦ καὶ τοῦ ἁγίου πνεύματος, διδάσκοντες αὐτοὺς τηρεῖν πάντα ὅσα ἐνετειλάμην ὑμῖν (Matt 28:19–20).
7. τί γὰρ ὠφελεῖται ἄνθρωπος κερδήσας τὸν κόσμον ὅλον ἑαυτὸν δὲ ἀπολέσας ἢ ζημιωθείς; (Luke 9:25).
8. τοῦτο γινώσκοντες ὅτι ὁ παλαιὸς ἡμῶν ἄνθρωπος συνεσταυρώθη (Rom 6:6).
9. πλατεῖα ἢ πύλη καὶ εὐρύχωρος ἢ ὁδὸς ἢ ἀπάγουσα εἰς τὴν ἀπώλειαν καὶ πολλοὶ εἰσιν οἱ εἰσερχόμενοι δι’ αὐτῆς (Matt 7:13).
10. αὐτὸς ἐδίδασκεν ἐν ταῖς συναγωγαῖς αὐτῶν δοξαζόμενος ὑπὸ πάντων (Luke 4:15).

Chapter 11 – Infinitives

Practice Exercises

In each of the following examples, (1) parse each underlined infinitive and (2) determine its specific use based on the information provided in this chapter.

1. ὁ δὲ ἐξελθὼν ἤρξατο κηρύσσειν πολλὰ καὶ διαφημίζειν τὸν λόγον, ὥστε μηκέτι αὐτὸν δύνασθαι φανερώσῃς εἰς πόλιν εἰσελθεῖν (Mark 1:45).
2. καὶ ἐποίησεν δώδεκα . . . ἵνα ὧσιν μετ' αὐτοῦ καὶ ἵνα ἀποστέλλῃ αὐτοὺς κηρύσσειν καὶ ἔχειν ἐξουσίαν ἐκβάλλειν τὰ δαιμόνια (Mark 3:14–15).
3. καὶ ἤρξατο διδάσκειν αὐτοὺς ὅτι δεῖ τὸν υἱὸν τοῦ ἀνθρώπου πολλὰ παθεῖν καὶ ἀποδοκιμασθῆναι ὑπὸ τῶν πρεσβυτέρων καὶ τῶν ἀρχιερέων καὶ τῶν γραμματέων καὶ ἀποκτανθῆναι καὶ μετὰ τρεῖς ἡμέρας ἀναστῆναι (Mark 8:31).
4. εἰ δὲ καὶ ὁ Σατανᾶς ἐφ' ἑαυτὸν διμερίσθη, πῶς σταθήσεται ἡ βασιλεία αὐτοῦ; ὅτι λέγετε ἐν Βεελζεβούλ ἐκβάλλειν με τὰ δαιμόνια (Luke 11:18).
5. προσθεῖς εἶπεν παραβολὴν διὰ τὸ ἐγγὺς εἶναι Ἱερουσαλὴμ αὐτὸν καὶ δοκεῖν αὐτοὺς ὅτι παραχρῆμα μέλλει ἡ βασιλεία τοῦ θεοῦ ἀναφαίνεσθαι (Luke 19:11).
6. ἀπ' ἄρτι λέγω ὑμῖν πρὸ τοῦ γενέσθαι, ἵνα πιστεύσητε ὅταν γένηται ὅτι ἐγὼ εἰμι (John 13:19).
7. παρέστησεν ἑαυτὸν ζῶντα μετὰ τὸ παθεῖν αὐτὸν (Acts 1:3).
8. ἐν δὲ τῷ ἄρξασθαι με λαλεῖν ἐπέπεσεν τὸ πνεῦμα τὸ ἅγιον ἐπ' αὐτοὺς (Acts 11:15).
9. μηκέτι οὖν ἀλλήλους κρίνωμεν· ἀλλὰ τοῦτο κρίνατε μᾶλλον, τὸ μὴ τιθέναι πρόσκομμα τῷ ἀδελφῷ ἢ σκάνδαλον (Rom 14:13).
10. ἐγερθήσονται γὰρ ψευδόχριστοι καὶ ψευδοπροφήται καὶ δώσουσιν σημεῖα μεγάλα καὶ τέρατα ὥστε πλανῆσαι, εἰ δυνατόν, καὶ τοὺς ἐκλεκτούς (Matt 24:24).

Chapter 12 – Pronouns, Prepositions, Conjunctions, Adverbs and Particles

Practice Exercises

In each of the following examples, (1) identify the part of speech of the underlined word(s) and (2) determine the specific function of the word(s).

1. ἐν ᾧ θελήματι ἡγιασμένοι ἐσμὲν διὰ τῆς προσφορᾶς τοῦ σώματος Ἰησοῦ Χριστοῦ ἐφάπαξ (Heb 10:10).
2. σπεῦσον καὶ ἔξελθε ἐν τάχει ἐξ Ἱερουσαλήμ, διότι οὐ παραδέξονται σου μαρτυρίαν περὶ ἐμοῦ (Acts 22:18).
3. ὕμεῖς δὲ ὀφείλομεν εὐχαριστεῖν τῷ θεῷ πάντοτε περὶ ὑμῶν (2 Thess 2:13).
4. ἰδὼν ὅτι καλῶς ἀπεκρίθη αὐτοῖς ἐπηρώτησεν αὐτόν, Ποία ἐστὶν ἐντολὴ πρώτη πάντων; (Mark 12:28).
5. καὶ διελογίζοντο πρὸς ἀλλήλους ὅτι ἄρτους οὐκ ἔχουσιν (Mark 8:16).
6. θεὸς γὰρ ἐστὶν ὁ ἐνεργῶν ἐν ὑμῖν καὶ τὸ θέλειν καὶ τὸ ἐνεργεῖν ὑπὲρ τῆς εὐδοκίας (Phil 2:13).
7. ὃς δ' ἂν τηρῇ αὐτοῦ τὸν λόγον, ἀληθῶς ἐν τούτῳ ἡ ἀγάπη τοῦ θεοῦ τετελείωται (1 John 2:5).
8. μὴ φοβοῦ, ἀλλὰ λάλει καὶ μὴ σιωπῆσης (Acts 18:9).
9. καὶ ἐγένετο ὅτε ἐτέλεσεν ὁ Ἰησοῦς τοὺς λόγους τούτους (Matt 7:28).
10. ἰδοὺ ἡ παρθένος ἐν γαστρὶ ἔξει καὶ τέξεται υἱόν, καὶ καλέσουσιν τὸ ὄνομα αὐτοῦ Ἐμμανουήλ, ὃ ἐστὶν μεθερμηνευόμενον Μεθ' ἡμῶν ὁ θεός (Matt 1:23).

Chapter 13 – Sentences, Diagramming and Discourse Analysis

Practice Exercises

In each of the following examples, (1) Identify the underlined portions of the sentences as a word, phrase, dependent clause, or independent clause. (2) Based only on the words provided below (not the broader context in the GNT), identify each sentence as simple, compound, complex, or copulative. [Note: sometimes more than one label will apply. A sentence can be compound and complex, for example.] (3) Attempt a phrase diagram of a previous “Reading the New Testament” passage covered earlier this semester.

1. οὗτοί εἰσιν γογγυσταὶ μεμψίμοιροι (Jude 1:16).
2. ἀγαπητέ, περὶ πάντων εὐχομαί σε εὐοδοῦσθαι καὶ ὑγιαίνειν, καθὼς εὐοδοῦταί σου ἡ ψυχὴ (3 John 1:2).
3. τὰ τέκνα, ὑπακούετε τοῖς γονεῦσιν ὑμῶν [ἐν κυρίῳ]. τοῦτο γάρ ἐστιν δίκαιον (Eph 6:1).
4. οὗτός ἐστιν ὁ γενόμενος ἐν τῇ ἐκκλησίᾳ ἐν τῇ ἐρήμῳ μετὰ τοῦ ἀγγέλου τοῦ λαλοῦντος αὐτῷ ἐν τῷ ὄρει Σινα (Acts 7:38).
5. καὶ εἶδον ὅτε ἤνοιξεν τὸ ἀρνίον μίαν ἐκ τῶν ἑπτὰ σφραγίδων (Rev 6:1).
6. καὶ τινες κατελθόντες ἀπὸ τῆς Ἰουδαίας ἐδίδασκον τοὺς ἀδελφούς (Acts 15:1).
7. ὡς δὲ ἐκρίθη τοῦ ἀποπλεῖν ἡμᾶς εἰς τὴν Ἰταλίαν, παρεδίδουν τὸν τε Παῦλον καὶ τινὰς ἑτέρους δεσμώτας ἑκατοντάρχη ὀνόματι Ἰουλίῳ σπείρης Σεβαστῆς (Acts 27:1).
8. καὶ τῇ τρίτῃ ἡμέρᾳ ἐγερθήσεται (Matt 20:19).
9. ἐπειδὴ ἐπλήρωσεν πάντα τὰ ῥήματα αὐτοῦ εἰς τὰς ἀκοὰς τοῦ λαοῦ, εἰσῆλθεν εἰς Καφαρναοὺμ (Luke 7:1).
10. ἤγγιζεν δὲ ἡ ἑορτὴ τῶν ἀζύμων ἢ λεγομένη πάσχα (Luke 22:1).

Chapter 14 – Word Studies

Practice Exercises

Following the seven steps outlined above, complete word studies for the following words:

1. τὰ σπλάγχνα (Phlm v. 20).
2. τῆς ἀνομίας (2 Thess 2:7). Hint: think not only about this specific word, but also about the phrases in which it appears (e.g., “man of lawlessness” [2 Thess 3:3] and “mystery of lawlessness” [2 Thess 3:7]).
3. σπουδάζω (2 Tim 2:15).